


Title	Dr.	Name	HOUSILA PRASAD SINGH	Photograph
Department	School of Studies in Statistics, Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.			
Designation	Professor of Statistics			
Address	School of Studies in Statistics, Vikram University, Ujjain-456010, M.P., India.			
Phone - Office	+91 0734 2511123			
Residence	"PADMAYAN" B-23/1, Vasant Vihar, Ujjain-456010, M.P., India.			
Mobile	08435921942			
E - Mail	hpsujn@gmail.com , hpsujn@rediffmail.com			
Educational Qualification				
Degree	Institution			Year
Ph.D.	Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, India.			(1985)
M. Phil.	Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, India			(1981)
M.Sc (Statistics)	Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi, India.			(1979)
B.Sc	Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi, India.			(1977)
Career Profile:-				
Administrative Assignment				
(i) Head, School of Studies in Statistics, Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India (2005-2009) (ii) Warden, C – Block (Boys Hostel), Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India (1998-2001)				
Area of Interest / Specialization				
(i) Sampling Theory (ii) Statistical Inference				
Subjects Taught:-				
(i) Sampling Theory (ii) Real Analysis (iii) Linear Models (iv) Design of Experiments (v) Stochastic Processes (vi) Measure Theory and Probability (vii) Distribution Theory				
Publication Profile				
Research Papers: (A). Journal Papers: International:				
1.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1984): On the estimation of the population mean with known coefficient variation. Biometrical Journal, 26, (8), 915-922.			
2.	Singh, H.P., Iachan, R. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1985): Almost unbiased ratio and product estimators based on interpenetrating subsamples. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods, 14, (4), 963-978.			

3.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Vos, J.W.E. (1985): On the estimation of population means and ratios using supplementary information. <i>Statistica Neerlandica</i> , 39, (3), 309-318.
4.	Singh, H.P. (1986): A note on the estimation of variance of sample mean using the knowledge of coefficient of variation in normal population. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 15, (12), 3737-3746.
5.	Singh, H.P. and Namjoshi, U.D. (1989): A note on estimating the finite population mean using auxiliary information. <i>Nepal Mathematical Science Reporter</i> , 14, (1), 35-40.
6.	Prasad, B. and Singh, H.P. (1990): Some improved ratio-type estimators of finite population variance in sample surveys. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 19, (3), 1127-1139.
7.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Kushwaha, K.S. and Singh, H.P. (1990): A modified chain ratio-type estimator in two-phase sampling using multi auxiliary information. <i>Metron</i> , 48, (1-4), 381-393.
8.	Singh, H.P. and Komaragiri, U.K. (1991): An estimator for amount of information using preliminary test (PT). <i>Metron</i> , 49, (1-4), 327-338.
9.	Singh, H.P., Singh, Hari P. and Singh, V.P. (1992): A generalized efficient class of estimators of population mean in two phase and successive sampling. <i>International Journal of Management and Systems</i> , 8, (2), 173-183.
10.	Tripathi, T.P. and Singh, H.P. (1992): A class of unbiased product-type estimators for the mean suitable for positive and negative correlation situations. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 21 (2), 507-518.
11.	Singh, H.P. (1992): Estimation of Circular Probable Error. <i>Sankhya</i> , 54, B, (3), 289-305.
12.	Prasad, B. and Singh, H.P. (1992): Unbiased estimators of finite population variance using auxiliary information in sample surveys. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 21, (5), 1367-1376.
13.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1992): A note on an almost unbiased ratio-cum-product estimator. <i>Metron</i> , 50, (1-2), 249-255.
14.	Singh, H.P. and Biradar, R.S. (1992): Almost unbiased ratio-cum-product estimators for the finite population mean. <i>Test</i> , 1, (1), 19-29.
15.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1992): On class of almost unbiased ratio estimators. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 34, (8), 937-944.
16.	Singh, V.K., Singh, Hari P., Singh, H. P. and Shukla, D.K. (1994): A general class of chain estimators for ratio and product of two means of a finite population. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 23, (5), 1341-1355.
17.	Singh, H.P. and Biradar, R.S. (1994): A class of unbiased ratio estimators in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistica</i> , 54, (3), 349-359.
18.	Singh, V.K., Singh, Hari P. and Singh, H.P. (1994): Estimation of ratio and product of two finite population means in two-phase sampling. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 41, 163-171.

19.	Singh, R. and Singh, H.P. (1995): A Hartley-Ross type estimator for finite population mean when the variables are negatively correlated. <i>Metron</i> , 53, (1-2), 205-216.
20.	Singh, H.P. and Raghuvanshi, H.S. (1996): A new shrinkage estimator for the exponential scale parameter. <i>Microelectronics and Reliability</i> , 36, (1), 105-107.
21.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1996): An alternative to the ratio-cum-product estimator in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 53, 375-387.
22.	Tracy, D.S., Singh, H.P. and Raghuvanshi, H.S. (1996): Some shrinkage estimators for the variance of exponential density. <i>Microelectronics and Reliability</i> , 36, (5), 651-655.
23.	Prasad, B., Singh, R. S. and Singh, H. P. (1996): Some chain ratio-type estimators for ratio of two population means using two auxiliary characters in two-phase sampling. <i>Metron</i> , LIV, 1-2, 95-113.
24.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (1997): A class of shrinkage estimators for the variance of a normal population. <i>Microelectronics and Reliability</i> , 37, (5), 863-867.
25.	Upadhyaya, L. N., Gangele, R. K. and Singh, H. P. (1997): A shrinkage estimator for the scale parameter of the exponential distribution with type-I censoring. <i>International Journal of Management and System</i> , 13, (1), 103-114.
26.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1997): A family of estimators for population means using apriori / auxiliary information in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 6, (1), 1-20.
27.	Singh, R., Singh, H.P. and Espejo, M.R. (1998): The efficiency of an alternative to ratio estimator under a super population model. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 71, 287-301.
28.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H. P. (1998): A modified ratio-cum-product estimator. <i>International Journal of Mathematics and Statistical Science</i> , 7, (2), 201-212.
29.	Singh, R., Singh, H. P. and Biradar, R.S. (1998): A family of almost unbiased ratio estimators in double sampling. <i>Parisankhyan Samikkha</i> , 5, 33-42.
30.	Tracy, D.S., Singh, H. P. and Singh, R. (1998): A class of unbiased estimators alternative to ratio-cum-product estimator in sample surveys. <i>Parisankhyan Samikkha</i> , 5, 43-50.
31.	Singh, R. and Singh, H.P. (1998): Almost unbiased ratio and product-type estimators in systematic sampling. <i>Questiio</i> , 22, (3), 403-416.
32.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (1998): Classes of almost unbiased ratio and product-type estimators in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistica</i> , 59, (1), 109-124.
33.	Tracy, D. S. and Singh, H. P. (1998): Almost unbiased estimators for finite population mean using two auxiliary variables. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics</i> , 14, (2), 177-191.
34.	Tracy, D.S., Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (1998): A class of almost unbiased estimators for finite population mean using two auxiliary variables. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 40, (6), 753-766.
35.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1999): A general class of chain regression estimators in two-phase sampling. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 8, (4), 205-216.

36.	Tracy, D.S., Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (1999): Constructing an unbiased estimator of population mean in finite populations using auxiliary information. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , 40, 363-368.
37.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1999): Efficient use of two auxiliary variables in two-phase sampling as well as in successive sampling. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics</i> , 15, (1), 27-39.
38.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1999): An improved class of estimators for finite population mean in sample surveys. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 41, (7), 891-895.
39.	Tracy, D.S., Singh, H.P. and Komaragiri, U.K. (1999): A preliminary test estimator for amount of information in normal parent. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics</i> , 15, (1), 7-18.
40.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1999): Use of transformed auxiliary variable in estimating the finite population mean. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 41, (5), 627-636.
41.	Singh, H.P. and Ruiz-Espejo, M. (1999): A class of PPS estimators of population variance using auxiliary information. <i>Revista de la Real Academic Exactas Fisic Natural de Espana</i> , 93, (2), 217-220.
42.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, S.K. (1999): Families of shrinkage estimators of k^{th} power of scale parameter in exponential distribution from complete and censored samples. <i>Journal of Statistical Studies</i> , 19, 29-35.
43.	Ruiz -Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (1999): Covariance of sample moments for simple random sampling with replacement of a finite population. <i>Mathematical Proceedings of the Royal Irish Academy</i> , 99 A , (2), 171-177.
44.	Singh, H.P. and Ruiz-Espejo, M. (2000): An improved class of chain regression estimators in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistics & Decisions</i> , 18, 205-218.
45.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, G.N., and Singh, H.P. (2000): Use of transformed auxiliary variable in the estimation of ratio in sample surveys. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 4, (6), 1019-1027.
46.	Singh, G.N., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2000): On the estimation of population mean in two-phase sampling. <i>Journal of statistical Research</i> , 34, (1), 25-32.
47.	Ruiz -Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (2000): Biasedness of the Jack-Knife variance estimator of sample mean square. <i>Rev. Academia de Ciencias. Zaragoza.</i> , 55, 79-85.
48.	Ruiz -Espejo, M., Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2001): Optimal unbiased linear integration of estimators. <i>Statistics & Decisions</i> , 19, 373-394.
49.	Ruiz-Espejo, M., Singh, H.P., Singh, R. and Nadarajah, S. (2001): Optimal homogeneous linear estimation for a super population model. <i>Rev. Academia de Ciencias. Zaragoza.</i> , 56, 93-98.
50.	Ruiz -Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (2001): Unbiased and optimal linear estimation for some super population models. <i>Rev. Academia de Ciencias. Zaragoza.</i> , 56, 99-109.
51.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2001): Estimation of the population standard deviation using auxiliary information. <i>American Journal of Mathematical and Management Sciences</i> , 21, (3&4), 345-358.

52.	Singh, H. P. and Tracy D. S. (2001): Estimation of population mean in presence of random non-response in sample surveys. <i>Statistica</i> , 61, (2), 231-248.
53.	Singh, H.P., Singh, S. and Tracy, D.S. (2001): An investigation on the bias reduction in linear variety of ratio-cum-product estimator. <i>Allgemeines Statistisches Archiv</i> , 85, 323-332.
54.	Nadarajah, S., Choi, D., Ruiz-Espejo, Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2002): A note on an estimator for the mean of finite populations. <i>Student</i> , 4, (2), 87-94.
55.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, S.K. (2002): Two modified estimators for the variance of one-parameter exponential distribution with type-I censoring. <i>Advances in Modelling & Analysis</i> , 7, (3-4), 45-52.
56.	Prasad, B., Singh, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2002): Modified chain ratio estimators for finite population mean using two auxiliary variables in double sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 5, (6), 1051-1066.
57.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2002): On Mangat's improved randomized response strategy. <i>Statistica</i> , 62, (3), 397-403.
58.	Singh, H.P., Shukla, S.K. and Singh, S. (2002): The utilization of kurtosis in the estimation of the parameters of the one-way random effects model. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 44, (8), 1028-1040.
59.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2002): An alternative to an improved randomized response strategy. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 5, (5), 873-886.
60.	Tripathi, T.P., Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (2002): A general method of estimation and its application to the estimation of coefficient of variation. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 5, (6), 1081-1102.
61.	Singh, H.P., Singh, S. and Puertas, M.S. (2003): Ratio type estimators for the median of finite populations. <i>Allgemeines Statistisches Archiv</i> , 87, 369-382.
62.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, S.K. (2003): A family of shrinkage estimators for the square of mean in normal distribution. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , 44, 433-442.
63.	Singh, H.P. and Ruiz-Espejo, M. (2003): On linear regression and ratio-product estimation of a finite population mean. <i>The Statistician</i> , 52, (1), 59-67.
64.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2003): Estimation of exponential scale parameter by shrinkage towards an interval. <i>Advances in Modeling & Analysis</i> , 8, (1-2), 61-72.
65.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2003): A note on the estimation of mean using auxiliary information. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (4), 571-575.
66.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, R. (2003): Use of known correlation coefficient in estimating the finite population mean. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (4), 555-560.
67.	Chandra, P. and Singh, H.P. (2003): A family of unbiased estimators in two-phase sampling using two auxiliary variables. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (1), 131-141.

68.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2003): An improved class of shrinkage estimators for the variance of a normal population. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (1), 119-129.
69.	Jack, A., Singh, H.P. and Smarandache, F. (2003): A family of estimators of population mean using multiauxiliary information in presence of measurement errors. <i>International Journal of Social Economics</i> , 30, (7), 837-849.
70.	Singh, H.P., Chandra, P. and Singh, S. (2003): Variance estimation using multiauxiliary information for random non-response in survey sampling. <i>Statistica</i> , 63, (1), 23-40.
71.	Ruiz-Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (2003): Protection of privacy with objective prior distribution in randomized response. <i>Statistica</i> , 63, (4), 697-701.
72.	Singh, H.P., Shukla, S.K. and Saxena, S. (2003): Families of shrinkage estimators of k-th power of scale in two-parameter Exponential distribution. <i>Journal of Statistical Studies</i> , 23, 17-26.
73.	Singh, H.P., Saxena, S. (2003): A class of shrinkage estimators for variance of a normal population. <i>Brazilian Journal of Probability and Statistics</i> , 17, 41-56.
74.	Khoshnevisan, M., Kaymarm, F., Singh, H.P., Singh, R. and Smarandache, F. (2003): Econometric analysis on efficiency of estimators. <i>Libertas Mathematica</i> , 23, 183-194.
75.	Singh, H.P., Saxena, S. and Ruiz-Espejo, M. (2004): Estimation of standard deviation of normal parent by shrinkage towards an interval. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 126, 479-493.
76.	Khoshnevisan M., Kaymarm F., Singh, H.P., Singh, R. and Smarandache, F. (2004): Empirical study in finite correlation coefficient in two phase estimation. <i>International Journal of Social Economics</i> , 31, (10), 890-902.
77.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2004): Unknown repeated trial in the unrelated question randomized response model. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 46, (3), 375-378.
78.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Singh, S. (2004): A class of estimators for estimating the variance of the ratio estimator. <i>Journal of Japan Statistical Society</i> , 34, (1), 47-63.
79.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Chandra, P. (2004): A general family of estimators for estimating population mean using two auxiliary variables in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (7), 1055-1077.
80.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2004): Estimation of population mean with known coefficient of variation under optional response model using scrambled response technique. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 6, (7), 1079-1093.
81.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2004): Estimating various measures in normal population through a single class of estimators. <i>Journal of the Korean Statistical Society</i> , 33, (3), 323-337.
82.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2004): Improved estimation of population proportion possessing sensitive attribute with unknown repeated trials in randomized response sampling. <i>Statistica</i> , 64, (3), 537-544.

83.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Singh, S. (2004): A family of almost unbiased estimators for negatively correlated variables using jackknife technique. <i>Statistica</i> , 64, (4), 767-778.
84.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2005): Some Estimators of the dispersion parameter of a Chi-distributed radial error with applications to target analysis. <i>Austrian Journal of Statistics</i> , 34, (1), 51-63.
85.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2005): Estimation of population mean when coefficient of variation is known using scrambled response technique. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 131, 135-144.
86.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2005): Bayesian and shrinkage estimation of process capability index C_p . <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 34, 205-228.
87.	Chandra, P. and Singh, H.P. (2005): A family of estimators for population variance using the knowledge of kurtosis of an auxiliary variable in sample surveys. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (1), 27-34.
88.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (2005): Estimation of spherical probable error. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (1), 35-61.
89.	Singh, H.P., Singh, R., Ruiz-Espejo, M. and Delgado Pineda M. (2005): On the efficiency of a dual to ratio-cum-product estimator in sample surveys. <i>Mathematical Proceedings of the Royal Irish Academy</i> , 105 A, (2), 51-56.
90.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2005): Using prior information in estimation of k^{th} exponent of scale parameter in negative exponential population. <i>Statistical Methods</i> , 7, (2), 116-126.
91.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2005): Estimating Fisher information in normal population in normal population with prior information. <i>Statistica</i> , 65, (1), 73-91.
92.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, Ritesh (2005): Estimation of finite population mean with known coefficient of variation of an auxiliary character. <i>Statistica</i> , 65, (3), 301-313.
93.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, Rajesh (2005): Estimation of finite population mean using known correlation coefficient between auxiliary characters. <i>Statistica</i> , 65, (4), 407-418.
94.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2005, 2006): An efficient variant of the product and ratio estimators in double sampling. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 1, 155-165.
95.	Ruiz Espejo, M., Delgado Pineda, M. and Singh, H.P. (2006): Postgrouped sampling method of estimation. <i>Test</i> , 15, (1), 209-226.
96.	Singh, H.P., Sidhu, S.S. and Singh, S. (2006): Median estimation with known interquartile range of auxiliary variable. <i>International Journal of Applied Mathematics & Statistics</i> , 4, (M06), 68-80.
97.	Singh, A.K., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2006): Comparisons of three product type of estimators in small sample. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (4), 917-928.

98.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2006): Almost unbiased ratio and product type estimators of finite population variance in sample surveys. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (5), 1087-1096.
99.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2006): A Bayesian estimator of process capability index. <i>Journal of Statistics & Management Systems</i> , 9, (2), 269-283.
100.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2006): An improved estimation procedure for estimating the proportion of a population possessing sensitive attribute in unrelated question randomized response technique. <i>Brazilian Journal of Probability and Statistics</i> , 20, 93-110.
101.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2006): Combined ratio-product estimator of finite population mean in stratified sampling. <i>Metodologia de Encuestas, Monografico: Incidencias en el trabajo de Campo</i> , 7, (1), 32-40.
102.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2006): An efficient variant of the product and ratio estimators in stratified random sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (6), 1311-1325.
103.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2006): From ordinary to shrinkage square-root estimators. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 35, 1037-1058.
104.	Singh, S., Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (2006): Chain ratio and regression type estimators for median estimation in survey sampling. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , 48, 23-46.
105.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Tailor, R. (2006): Estimation of mean with known coefficient of variation of an auxiliary variable in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition</i> , 7, (6), 1327-1344.
106.	Singh, H.P., Puertas, S.M. and Singh, S. (2006): Estimation of interquartile range of the study variable using the known interquartile range of auxiliary variable. <i>International Journal of Applied Mathematics & Statistics</i> , 6, (D06), 33-47.
107.	Singh, H.P. and Ruiz Espejo, M. (2007): Double sampling ratio-product estimator of a finite population mean in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Applied Statistics</i> , 34, (1), 71-85.
108.	Singh, H.P. and Pandit, S. (2007): Improved estimation of inverse Gaussian shape parameter and measure of dispersion with prior information. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice</i> , 1, (2), 205-226.
109.	Singh, H.P. and Shalabh (2007): Estimation of population mean through estimated coefficient of variation. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 15, (4), 425-429.
110.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2007): Bayesian estimation of shape parameter of Pareto Income Distribution using LINEX loss function. <i>The Korean Communications in Statistics</i> , 14, (1), 33-55.
111.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2007): Modified exponential ratio and product estimators for finite population mean in double sampling. <i>Austrian Journal of Statistics</i> , 36, 3, 217-225.
112.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2007): A general class of estimators in successive sampling. <i>Metron</i> , 65, (2), 201-227.
113.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2007): A general procedure for estimating the mean using double sampling for stratification. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 2, 225-237.

114.	Singh, H.P., Chandra, P., Joarder, A.H. and Singh, S. (2007): Family of estimators of mean, ratio and product of a finite population mean using random non-response. TEST, 16, (3), 565-597.
115.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2008). A class of estimators using auxiliary information for estimating finite population variance in presence of measurement errors. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods, 38, 734-741.
116.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Singh, S. and Kim, J.M. (2007): Quantile estimation in successive sampling. Journal of the Korean Statistical Society, 36, (4), 543-556.
117.	Singh, H.P. and Joshi, H. (2007): A general method of estimation of parameters with known a priori in Normal parent. The Philippine Statistician, 56, (3-4), 53-72.
118.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Singh, S. and Kim, J.M. (2008): A modified estimator of population mean using power transformation. Statistical Papers, 49, 37-58.
119.	Vishwakarma, G.K. and Singh, H.P. (2008): An optimum allocation with a family of estimators using auxiliary information in sample survey. Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods, 7, (2), 478-487.
120.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2008): A family of estimators of population mean using auxiliary information in stratified sampling. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods, 37, 1038-1050.
121.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2008): Some families of estimators of variance of stratified random sample mean using auxiliary information. Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice, 2, (1), 21-43.
122.	Singh, H.P. and Chander, V. (2008): Estimation of scale parameter towards an interval of Exponential distribution. Bulletin of Statistics & Economics, 2, (A08), 65-71.
123.	Singh, H.P. and Chander, V. (2008): Some classes of shrinkage estimators for estimating the scale parameter towards an interval of Exponential distribution. Journal of Probability and Statistical Science, 6, (1), 69-84.
124.	Singh, H.P. and Agnihotri, N. (2008): A general procedure of estimating population mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. Statistics in Transition-new series, 9, (1), 71-87.
125.	Singh, H.P. and Chandra, P. (2008): An alternative to ratio estimator of the population variance in sample surveys. Statistics in Transition-new series, 9, (1), 89-103.
126.	Singh, H.P. and Chander, V. (2008): A general procedure for estimating various measures of normal distribution using prior knowledge of standard deviation. Statistics in Transition-new series, 9, (1), 139-158.
127.	Mathur, N. and Singh, H.P. (2008): Estimation of population mean with prior information using scrambled response technique. Brazilian Journal of Probability and Statistics, 22, (2), 165-181.
128.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2009): Ratio-Product estimator for population mean in presence of measurement errors. Journal of Applied Statistical Sciences, 16, (4), 437-452.

129.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2009): Some estimators of finite population mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 16, (4), 397-409.
130.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2007): Effect of measurement errors on a class of estimators of population mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Statistical Research of Iran</i> , 4, 175-180.
131.	Singh, H.P., Singh, S. and Kozak, M. (2008): A family of estimators of finite population distribution function using auxiliary information. <i>Acta Applicandae Mathematicae</i> , DOI 10.1007/s10440-008-9243-1.
132.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2008): A regression approach to the estimation of finite population mean in presence of non-response. <i>Australian & New Zealand Journal of Statistics</i> , 50, (4), 1-14.
133.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2008): Estimation of mean in presence of non-response using two phase sampling scheme. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , DOI 10.1007/s00362-008-0140-5.
134.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2008): A general family of estimators of finite population ratio, product and mean using two phase sampling scheme in the presence of non-response. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice</i> , 2, (4), 677-692.
135.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2008): Estimation of population variance using auxiliary information in the presence of Measurement Errors. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 9, (3), 443-470.
136.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Chandra, P. (2008): An improved version of regression ratio estimator with two auxiliary variables in sample surveys. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 9, (3), 503-518.
137.	Ruiz Espejo, M., Singh, H.P., Delgado Pineda, M. and Nadarajah, S. (2008): Optimal estimation of population variance using equilibrated stratified sampling from infinite populations. <i>Journal of the Korean Statistical Society</i> , 37, (4), 375-383.
138.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2008): Effect of non-response in sampling over two successive occasions using auxiliary information using auxiliary information. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 9, (2), 273-296.
139.	Singh, S., Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Allen, J. and Kozak, M. (2009): Estimation of ratio of two finite population mean in the presence of non-response. <i>Communications in Statistics– Theory and Methods</i> , 38, 3608-3621.
140.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, Ritesh and Tailor, Rajesh (2008): Duals to Mohanty and Sahoo's estimators. <i>Statistica</i> , 68, (34), 412-433.
141.	Singh, H.P. and Chander, V. (2008): Some shrinkage estimators for estimating the standard deviation and its inverse for normal parent. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 9, (3), 409-442.
142.	Singh, H.P. and Chander, V. (2009): New classes of estimators for dispersion parameter of a chi-distributed radial error with application to target analysis. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 4, 63-78.

143.	Mathur, N. and Singh, H.P. (2009): An improved procedure for estimation of proportion of a sensitive attribute of the population. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 4, 15-21.
144.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2009): A general class of estimators of the population mean in survey sampling using auxiliary information with sub sampling the non-respondents. <i>The Korean Journal of Applied Statistics</i> , 22, (2), 387-402.
145.	Singh, H.P. and Pandit, S. (2008): Estimation of the reciprocal of the mean of the Inverse Gaussian Distribution with prior information. <i>Statistica</i> , 68, (2), 201-216.
146.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2009): A general procedure of estimating the population mean in the presence of non-response under double sampling using auxiliary information. <i>SORT</i> , 33, (1), 71-84.
147.	Singh, H.P., Mathur, N. and Chandra, P. (2009): A chain-type estimator for population variance using two auxiliary variables in two phase sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 10, (1), 75-84.
148.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2009): A general procedure for estimating the general parameter using auxiliary information in presence of measurement errors. <i>Communications of the Korean Statistical Society</i> , 16, (5), 821-840.
149.	Chander V. and Singh H.P. (2009): Improved classes of scale parameter towards an interval of exponential distribution. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice</i> , 3, (4), 869-877.
150.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar S. (2009): A general class of DSS estimators of population ratio, product and mean in the presence of non-response based on the sub-sampling of the non-respondents. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics</i> , 26, (1), 203-238.
151.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2009): On the estimation of ratio and product of two population means using supplementary information in presence of measurement errors. <i>Statistica</i> , 69, (1), 27-47.
152.	Singh, H.P., Kumar, S. and Kozak, M. (2010): Improved estimation of finite population mean using sub-sampling to deal with non-response in two phase sampling scheme. <i>Communications in Statistics–Theory and Methods</i> , 39, 1-12.
153.	Srivastava, M.K., Srivastava, N. and Singh, H.P. (2009): Full information efficient estimator of finite population variance. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 10, (3), 415-435.
154.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2009): Multivariate indirect methods of estimation in presence of non response in successive sampling. <i>Metron</i> , 67, (2), 153-175.
155.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Tailor, R. (2009): Ratio-cum-product type exponential estimator. <i>Statistica</i> , 69, (4), 299-310.
156.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2010). Estimation of population product in presence of non response in successive sampling. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , DOI 10.1007/s00362-008-0193-5.
157.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2010): Effect of measurement errors on the separate and combined ratio and product estimators in stratified random sampling. <i>Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods</i> , 9, (2), 388-402.

158.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Singh, S. and Kim, J.M. (2010). Estimation of population variance in successive Sampling. Quality and Quantity, DOI 10.1007/s 11135-009-9309.9.
159.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2010): Estimation of mean, ratio and product using auxiliary information in the presence of measurement errors in sample surveys. Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice, 4, (1), 111-136.
160.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2010): Improved estimation of population mean under two phase sampling with sub sampling the non-respondents. Journal of Statistical Planning and inference, 140, 2536-2550.
161.	Singh, H.P., Singh, S. and Kim, J.M. (2010): Efficient use of auxiliary variables in estimating finite population variance in two phase sampling. Communications of the Korean Statistical Society, 17, (2), 165-181.
162.	Kumar, S. and Singh, H.P. (2010): Estimation of mean using multi auxiliary information in presence of non response. Communications of Korean Statistical Society, 17, (3), 1-21.
163.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2010): A general procedure for estimating the population mean in stratified sampling using auxiliary information. Metron, 68, (1), 47-65.
164.	Vishwakarma, G.K., Singh H.P. and Singh S. (2010): A family of estimators of population mean using multi-auxiliary variate and post-stratification. Nonlinear Analysis: Modeling and Control, 15, (2), 233-253.
165.	Singh, H.P. and Mujahida, S. (2010): An addendum to the estimators of Murthy-Sarma and Anis-Pandey of the mean of the normal distribution. Economic Quality Control, 25, 97-107.
166.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma, G.K. (2010): Estimation of mean using auxiliary information and post-stratification. Communications in Statistics-Theory and Methods, 39, 3456-3471.
167.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, Ritesh and Tailor, Rajesh (2010): On ratio and product methods with certain known population parameters of auxiliary variable in sample surveys. SORT, 34, (2), 157-180.
168.	Saxena, S., Singh, H.P., Gupta, O.K. and Rao, S.K. (2010): Bayesian estimation of MTTF for exponential distribution: A Bessel function life testing model. Model Assisted Statistics and Applications, 5, (4), 283-291.
169.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2011): Combinations of regression and ratio estimates in presence of non-response. Brazilian Journal of Probability and Statistics, 25, (2), 205-217.
170.	Singh, H.P. and Rathour, A. (2010): A study on the class of chain ratio-type estimators. Journal of Statistical Research of Iran. 7, (2), 187-199.
171.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2011): Effect of non-response on a class of estimators of population mean on current occasion in successive sampling on two occasions. Journal of Probability and Statistical Science, 9, (1), 69-81.

172.	Tailor, R. and Singh, H.P. (2011): A family of estimators of population mean using coefficients of variation of auxiliary as well as study variates and the correlation coefficient between study and auxiliary variates. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 18, (1), 37-49.
173.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2011): On the estimation of population ratio, product and mean in presence of measurement errors. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 18, (1), 109-123.
174.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P., Chatterjee, S. and Yadav, R. (2011): A generalized family of transformed ratio-product estimators in sample surveys. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 6, (2), 137-150.
175.	Singh, H.P. and Bhayre, U. (2011): Use of auxiliary information in estimating the finite population mean in survey sampling. <i>Economic Quality Control</i> , DOI 10.1515/EQC.2011.003.
176.	Singh, H.P. and Kumar, S. (2011): Subsampling the nonrespondents in cluster sampling on sampling on two successive occasions. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 12, (1), 9-24.
177.	Kumar, S., Singh, H.P., Sandeep, B. and Gupta, R. (2011): A class of ratio-cum-product type estimators under double sampling in the presence of non-response. <i>Hacettepe Journal of Mathematics and Statistics</i> , 40, (4), 589-599.
178.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P., Chatterjee, S. and Yadav, R. (2011): Improved ratio and product exponential type estimators. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice</i> , 5, (2), 285-302.
179.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2011): Estimation of finite population mean using random non-response in survey sampling. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics and Operation Research</i> , 7, (1), 21-41.
180.	Ruiz Espejo, M., Singh, H.P. and Saxena S. (2008): On inverse sampling without replacement. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , 49, (1), 133-137.
181.	Singh, H.P., Mathur, N. and Chandra, P. (2009): A chain-type estimator for population variance using two auxiliary variables in two-phase sampling. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 10,(1),75-84.
182.	Singh, H.P. and Vishwakarma G.K. (2009): A general procedure for estimating population mean in successive sampling. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory and Methods</i> , 38, (2), 293-308.
183.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2010): Effect of measurement errors on the separate and combined ratio and product estimators in stratified random sampling. <i>Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods</i> , 9, (2), 388-402.
184.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2011): Improved separate ratio exponential estimator for population mean using auxiliary information. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 12, (2), 401-411.
185.	Vishwakarma G.K. and Singh, H.P. (2011): Separate ratio-product estimator for estimating population mean using auxiliary information. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Applications</i> , 10, (4), 653-664.

186.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R. and Jatwa, N.K. (2011): Modified ratio and product estimators for population mean in systematic sampling. <i>Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods</i> , 10, (2), 424-435.
187.	Singh, H.P. and Karpe, N. (2011): On the estimation of population ratio, product and mean in presence of measurement errors. <i>Journal of Applied Statistical Science</i> , 18, (1), 109-123.
188.	Singh, H.P., Kumar, S. and Bhoulal, S. (2011): Estimation of population mean in successive sampling by sub-sampling non respondents. <i>Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods</i> , 10, (1), 51-60.
189.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2011): A general procedure for estimating the population parameter in the presence of random non-response. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics</i> , 27, (4), 427-465.
190.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2011): Generalized ratio and product methods of estimation in survey sampling. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics and Operation Research</i> , 7, (2), 245-264.
191.	Vishwakarma G.K. and Singh, H.P. (2012): A general procedure for estimating the mean using double sampling for stratification and multi-auxiliary information. <i>Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference</i> , 142, (5), 252–1261.
192.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2012): A stratified unknown repeated trials in randomized response sampling. <i>Communications of the Korean Statistical Society</i> , 19, (6), 751-759.
193.	Singh, H.P. and Jatwa, N.K. (2012): A class of exponential-type estimators in systematic sampling. <i>Economic Quality Control</i> , 27, 195-08.
194.	Singh, H.P., Chandra, P., Grewal, I.S., Singh, S., Chen, C.C., Sedory, S.A. and Kim, J.M. (2012): Estimation of population ratio, product, and mean using multiauxiliary information with random non-response. <i>Statistica</i> , 72, (4), 449-480.
195.	Singh, H.P., Sarjinder, S. and Kim, J.M. (2012): Some alternative classes of shrinkage estimators for a scale parameter of the exponential distribution. <i>The Korean Journal of Applied Statistics</i> , 25, (2), 301-309.
196.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Kim, J.M. and Singh, S. (2012): Families of estimators of finite population variance using random non-response in survey sampling. <i>The Korean Journal of Applied Statistics</i> , 25, (4), 681-695.
197.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2012): Almost unbiased ratio and product type exponential estimators. <i>Statistics in Transition-new series</i> , 13, (3), 537-550.
198.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R. and Singh, S. (2012): General procedure for estimating the population mean using ranked set sampling. <i>Journal of Statistical Computation and Simulation</i> , DOI:10.1080/00949655.2012.733395.
199.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2012): An alternative procedure for estimating the population mean in simple random sampling. <i>Pakistan Journal of Statistics and Operation Research</i> , 8, (2), 213-232.

200.	Solanki, R.S., Singh, H.P. and Rathour, A. (2012): An alternative estimator for estimating the finite population mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. <i>ISRN Probability and Statistics</i> , DOI 10.5402/2012/657682.
201.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2012): Improved estimation of population mean in simple random sampling using information on auxiliary attribute. <i>Applied Mathematics and Computation</i> , 218, (15), 7798-7812.
202.	Singh, H.P., Rathour, A. and Solanki, R.S. (2012): An improvement over regression method of estimation. <i>Statistica</i> , 72, (4), 415-429.
203.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2012): An efficient class of estimators for the population mean using auxiliary information in systematic sampling. <i>Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice</i> , 6, (2), 274-285.
204.	Singh, H.P., Rathour, A. and Solanki, R.S (2012): An improved dual to chain ratio type estimator for the population mean. <i>Research and Review: Journal of Statistics</i> , 3, (1), 1-6.
205.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2013): A new procedure for variance estimation in simple random sampling using auxiliary information. <i>Statistical Papers</i> , 54, (2), 479-497.
206.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2013): An efficient class of estimators for the population mean using auxiliary information. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 42, (1), 145-163.
207.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2013): Efficient ratio and product estimators in stratified random sampling. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 42, (6), 1008-1023.
208.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2013): A generalized family of transformed ratio-product estimators for variance in sample surveys. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 42, (10), 1839-1850.
209.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2013): Improved estimation of finite population variance using auxiliary information. <i>Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods</i> , 42, (15), 2718-2730.
210.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2013): Improved estimation of population mean using population proportion of an auxiliary character. <i>Chilean Journal of Statistics</i> , 4, (1), 3-17.
211.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, R., Singh, S. and Kozak, M. (2013): A generalized method of estimation of a population parameter in two-phase and successive sampling. <i>Quality & Quantity</i> , 47, (3), 1733-1760.
212.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2013): A general procedure of estimating the population variance when coefficient of variation of an auxiliary variable is known in sample surveys. <i>Quality & Quantity</i> , 47, (4), 2331-2339.
213.	Solanki, R.S., Singh, H.P. and Pal, S.K. (2013): Improved estimation of finite population mean in sample surveys. <i>Journal of Advanced Computing</i> , 2, (2), 70-78.
214.	Singh, H.P., Rathour, A. and Solanki, R.S. (2013). An improvement over difference method of estimation of population mean. <i>Journal of Reliability and Statistical Studies</i> , 6, (1), 35-46.

215.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2013): An improved class of estimators for the population variance. <i>Model Assisted Statistics and Applications</i> , 8, (3), 229-238.
216.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013): An alternative to Kim and Warde's mixed randomized response model. <i>Statistics and Operations Research Transactions (SORT)</i> , 37 (2), 189-210.
217.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013): A modified survey technique for estimating the proportion and sensitivity in a dichotomous finite population. <i>International Journal of Advanced Scientific and Technological Research</i> , 3(6), 459 – 472.
Nationals:	
1.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1981): Use of several auxiliary variables in dual to ratio method of estimation. <i>Mathematical Forum</i> , 4, (2), 19-26.
2.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1983): Use of auxiliary information in the estimation of population variance. <i>Mathematical Forum</i> , 6, (2), 33-36.
3.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1983): A new difference estimator for estimating population mean. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, India</i> , 53(A), 3, 232-234.
4.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1983): A dual to ratio estimator in double sampling. <i>The Mathematics Education</i> , 18, (1), 6-8.
5.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1984): Use of a known coefficient of variation and kurtosis in the estimation of mean. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, India</i> , 54(A), 2, 168-171.
6.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1984): Combination of regression and ratio estimate. <i>Current Science</i> , 53, (6), 294-296.
7.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1984): On families of ratio and product type estimators. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Statistics and Operations Research</i> , 5, (1-4), 57-61.
8.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1984): Estimation of mean when population variance is known. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 36, (2), 19-22.
9.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. (1985): A class of estimators using auxiliary information for estimating ratio of two finite population means. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 12, (2), 7-16.
10.	Singh, H.P. (1985): Estimation of normal parent parameters using the knowledge of coefficient of variation. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 12, (2), 25-32.
11.	Singh, H.P. (1986): Estimation of normal parent parameters with known coefficient of variation. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 13, (2), 57-62.
12.	Singh, H.P. (1986): On the estimation of mean using supplementary information on two auxiliary characters in double sampling. <i>Current Science</i> , 55, (6), 302-304.

13.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1986): On a dual to ratio estimator for estimating finite population variance. Nepal Mathematical Science Report, 11, (1), 37-42.
14.	Singh, H.P. (1986): A note on unbiased product type estimators. The Aligarh Journal of Statistics, 6, 45-52.
15.	Singh, H.P. (1986): Estimation of ratio, product and mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. The Aligarh Journal of Statistics, 6, 32-44.
16.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1986): A dual to modified ratio estimator using coefficient of variation of auxiliary variable. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, India, 56(A), 4, 336-340.
17.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1986): On a class of estimators of the population mean in survey sampling using auxiliary information. Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics, 38, (1), 100-104.
18.	Singh, H.P. (1986): A generalized class of estimators of ratio, product and mean using supplementary information on auxiliary character in PPSWR sampling scheme. Gujarat Statistical Review, 13, (2), 1-30.
19.	Singh, H.P., Singh, A.K. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1987): Use of auxiliary information in estimating population mean. The Mathematics Education, 21, (1), 11-14.
20.	Singh, H.P. and Kushwaha, K.S. (1987): A class of unbiased estimators alternative to ratio-type estimators. Pure and Applied Mathematika Sciences, 26, (1-2), 119-128.
21.	Singh, H.P. and Kushwaha, K.S. (1987): Class of almost unbiased dual to ratio estimator in sample survey. Gujarat Statistical Review, 14, (1), 19-24.
22.	Singh, H.P. (1987): Classes of almost unbiased ratio and product estimators for estimating population mean in double sampling using Jack-knife technique. Assam Statistical Review, 1, (2), 36-48.
23.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Iachan, R. (1987): Unbiased product estimators. Gujarat Statistical Review, 14, (2), 41-50.
24.	Singh, H. P. (1987): On applying Jack-knife technique to ratio-estimator. Gujarat Statistical Review, 14, (1), 9-18.
25.	Singh, H. P. (1987): Class of almost unbiased ratio and product type estimators for finite population mean applying quenouille's method. Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics, 39, (3), 280-288.
26.	Singh, H.P. (1987): A modified estimator for population variance in the presence of large true observations. Gujarat Statistical Review, 14, (2), 15-30.
27.	Singh, H.P. (1987): On the estimation of population mean when the correlation coefficient is known in two phase sampling. Assam Statistical Review, 1, (1), 17-21.
28.	Singh, H.P. (1987): A note on estimating the mean of symmetrical population. Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics, 39, (2), 171-180.
29.	Singh, H.P. and Namjoshi, U.D. (1988): A class of multivariate regression estimators in two-phase sampling. Assam Statistical Review, 2, (2), 1-7.

30.	Singh, H.P. and Katyar, N.P. (1988): A generalized class of estimators for common parameters of two normal distributions with known coefficient of variation. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 40, (2), 127-149.
31.	Singh, H. P. (1988): Estimation of common parameters in K gamma distribution. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 15, (1), 45-48.
32.	Singh, H.P. (1988): Estimation of variance when the coefficient of variation is known in normal parent. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, India</i> , 58(A), (2), 247-250.
33.	Kushwaha, K.S. and Singh, H.P. (1988): Product estimator in stratified systematic sampling. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 2, (1), 1-5.
34.	Singh, H.P. (1988): On the estimation of ratio and product of two finite population means. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, India</i> , 58(A), (3), 399-402.
35.	Singh, H.P. (1988): An improved class of estimators of population mean using auxiliary information. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 40, (2), 96-104.
36.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Namjoshi, U.D. (1988): Estimation of finite population variance. <i>Current Science</i> , 57, (24), 1331-1334.
37.	Tripathi, T.P., Singh, H.P., and Upadhyaya, L.N (1988): A generalized method of estimation in double sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Statistical Association</i> , 26, 91-101.
38.	Kushwaha, K.S. and Singh, H.P. (1988): A class of Unbiased estimators alternative to ratio type estimators using Quenouille's method. <i>The Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 8, 26-34.
39.	Singh, H.P. (1989): Estimation of common variance in two exponential distribution. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 3, (1), 1-8.
40.	Singh, H.P. (1989): A note on the estimation of common variance of two normal populations. <i>DAVV, Research Journal-Science</i> , 10, (5), 44-45.
41.	Tripathi, T.P., Singh, H.P., and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1989): Improved estimators for population mean based on double sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Statistical Association</i> , 27, 89-99.
42.	Chand, L., Katyar, N.P. and Singh, H.P. (1989): Estimation of amount of information using known coefficient of variation in normal parent. <i>Acta Ciencia Indica</i> , 15(M), (1), 87-100.
43.	Singh, H.P. and Kushwaha, K.S. (1989): A class of almost unbiased dual to product estimators in sample survey. <i>Journal of the Indian Statistical Association</i> , 27, 55-62.
44.	Singh, H.P. and Sahoo, L.N. (1989): A class of almost unbiased estimators for population ratio and product. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 38, (151-152), 241-243.

45.	Kushwaha, K.S. and Singh, H.P. (1989): Class of almost unbiased ratio and product estimators in systematic sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 41, (2), 193-205.
46.	Singh, H.P. (1989): A class of unbiased estimators of product of population mean. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistic</i> , 41, (1), 113-118.
47.	Singh, H.P. (1990): Estimation of parameters in normal parent. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 42, (1), 98-107.
48.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Iachan, R. (1990): An efficient class of estimators using supplementary information in sample surveys. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 10, 37-50.
49.	Tripathi, T.P., Singh, H.P., Katyar, N.P. and Gangwar, D.K. (1990): Estimation of variance of exponential distribution with type I censoring. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 4, (2), 1-6.
50.	Singh, H.P. and Khare, S.K. (1990): Utilization of a known coefficient of variation in estimation of common parameter of two normal populations. <i>Assam statistical Review</i> , 4, (1), 1-8.
51.	Singh, H.P., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Iachan, R. (1990): On applying the Jack-Knife technique to the ratio and product estimators in two-phase sampling. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 10, 45-58.
52.	Singh, H.P. and Katyar, N.P. (1991): Variance estimation through the mean square successive differences and sample variance using a priori information. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 43, (1), 16-29.
53.	Tripathi, T.P., Katyar, N.P. and Singh, H.P. (1991): Estimation of population variance in the presence of large true observations. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 43, (1), 49-58.
54.	Singh, H.P. (1991): Estimation of common parameter in two normal populations. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 11, 57-62.
55.	Singh, H. P., Singh, Hari P. and Kushwaha, K.S (1992): On chain ratio-to-regression-type estimator in double sampling. <i>Assam statistical Review</i> , 6, (2), 91-105.
56.	Singh, H.P., Katyar, N.P. and Chand, L. (1992): On classes of almost unbiased ratio and product-type estimators in two phase sampling. <i>Assam statistical Review</i> , 6, (1), 22-36.
57.	Upadhyaya, L.N., Dubey, S.P. and Singh, H.P. (1992): A class of ratio-in-regression estimators using two auxiliary variables in double sampling. <i>The Journal of Scientific Research</i> , 42, 127-134.
58.	Singh, H.P., Katyar, N.P. and Chand, L. (1992): Estimation of inverse of population mean when the coefficient of variation is known. <i>Journal of the Indian Statistical Association</i> , 30, 51-62.

59.	Singh, H.P. and Biradar, R. S. (1992): A class of estimators for finite population correlation coefficient using auxiliary information. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 44, (3), 271-285.
60.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1992 & 1993): A class of estimators for population means using auxiliary information. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 19 & 20, 35-44.
61.	Singh, H.P. (1992 & 1993): A note on estimating the inverse of population mean. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 19 & 20, 57-68.
62.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1992 & 1993): Almost unbiased ratio-cum-product estimators. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 12 & 13, 1-9.
63.	Singh, H.P. (1993): Families of estimators of the inverse of population mean. <i>Journal of the Indian Statistical Association</i> , 31, 47-55.
64.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, V.P. (1993): A general class of unbiased estimators of a parameter. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 43, (169-170), 127-131.
65.	Singh, H.P. (1993): A chain ratio-cum-difference estimator using two auxiliary variates in double sampling. <i>Journal of Ravishankar University</i> , 6, B, 79-83.
66.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R. K. and Singh, R. (1993): Some shrinkage estimators for the scale parameter of the exponential distribution. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 13, 57-64.
67.	Singh, A.K., Singh, H.P. and Katyar, N.P. (1993): A class of estimators for population mean using a priori/auxiliary information. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 13, 1-10.
68.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (1994): On the estimation of Circular Probable Error (CEP). <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Statistics and Operations Research</i> , 15, (1-4), 37-45.
69.	Singh, H.P. and Biradar, R.S. (1994): Estimation of finite population variance using auxiliary information. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Statistics and Operations Research</i> , 15, (1-4), 47-63.
70.	Katyar, N.P., Singh, H.P. and Gangwar, D. (1994): A class of almost unbiased regression- type estimators for finite population mean applying Jack-Knife technique. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 46, (2), 183-189.
71.	Gangele, R.K. and Singh, H.P. (1994): Use of a priori information in the estimation of the exponential scale parameter in the presence of large true observations. <i>Ultra Scientist of Physical Sciences</i> , 6, (2), 226-229.
72.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1994): An alternative to ratio estimator of population variance. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 8, (2), 18-33.
73.	Singh, H.P., Gangele, R.K. and Biradar, R.S. (1994 & 1995): An efficient generalized class of estimators for finite population mean using two auxiliary variables. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 21 & 22, 3-16.

74.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, V.P. (1995): A class of unbiased dual to ratio estimator in stratified sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 47, (2), 168-175.
75.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (1995): Almost separation of bias precipitates in the estimator of "Inverse of Population Mean" with known coefficient of variation. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 47, (2), 212-218.
76.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (1989-1995): An improved regression estimator with known coefficient of variation in two-phase sampling with two auxiliary variables. <i>The Vikram</i> , 25, 1-3, 27-40.
77.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1995): A class of unbiased ratio estimators. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 47, (3), 230-239.
78.	Singh, H.P., Katyar, N.P. and Gangwar, D.K. (1996): A class of almost unbiased regression- type estimators in two-phase sampling applying Quenouille's method. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 48, (1), 98-104.
79.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R. K. (1997): An approach for almost separation of bias precipitates. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 50, (1), 11-17.
80.	Singh, A.K. and Singh, H.P. (1997): A note on the efficiencies of three product -type estimators under a linear model. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 50, (2), 130-134.
81.	Singh, H.P., Singh, R. and Sahoo, L. N. (1997): Estimation of population mean using auxiliary information in stratified systematic sampling. <i>Sankhyikee</i> , 3 & 4, 13-21.
82.	Singh, V. P. and Singh, H. P. (1997-1998): Chain estimators for population ratio in double sampling. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 17 & 18, 85-100.
83.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1997-1998): A class of estimators for population parameter using supplementary information. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 17 & 18, 54-71.
84.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (1998): Predictive estimation of finite population variance. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 48, (191-192), 229-235.
85.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1998): Unbiased estimation of square of population regression coefficient and its application in the estimation of variance of intra-sire regression heritability coefficient. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 52, (2), 237-244.
86.	Singh, H.P., Shukla, S.K. and Katyar, N.P. (1999): Estimation of standard deviation in normal distribution with prior information. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences India</i> , 69 (A), II, 183-189.
87.	Singh, A.K. and Singh, H.P. (1999): Efficiency of a class of unbiased ratio-type estimators under a linear model. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 52, (2), 228-236.
88.	Singh, R. and Singh, H.P. (1999): A class of unbiased estimators in cluster sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 52, (3), 290-298.

89.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1999): An estimator for population variance that utilizes the kurtosis of an auxiliary variable in sample surveys. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 19, 14-17.
90.	Singh, H.P. and Sahoo, L.N. (1996-2000): A class of estimators for population variance using two auxiliary variables. <i>The Vikram</i> , 26 (1&3), 41-48.
91.	Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (1996 -2000): On the estimation of mean when population variance is known. <i>The Vikram</i> , 26 (1&3), 97-99.
92.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, S.K. (2000): Estimation in the two-parameter Weibull distribution with prior information. <i>IAPQR Transactions</i> , 25, (2), 107-118.
93.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, R. (2000): Predictive estimation of finite population mean in two phase sampling with known coefficient of variation of second auxiliary variable. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 20, 5-13.
94.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2001): Improved ratio-type estimator for variance using auxiliary information. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 54, (3), 276-287.
95.	Singh, A.K., Singh, H.P. and Upadhyaya, L.N. (2001): A generalized chain estimator for finite population mean in two-phase sampling. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 54, (3), 370-375.
96.	Chandra, P. and Singh, H.P. (2001): Modified estimators for population variance that utilizes the kurtosis of an auxiliary variable in sample surveys. <i>Vikram Mathematical Journal</i> , 21, 31-36.
97.	Singh A.K. and Singh, H.P. (2001): Dual to chain ratio type estimator in double sampling using two auxiliary variables. <i>Journal of Ravishankar University</i> , 14, B (Science), 99 -106.
98.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2001): Improved estimation in one parameter exponential distribution with prior information. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 28, (1-2), 25-35.
99.	Biradar, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2001): Successive sampling using auxiliary information on both the occasions. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 51, (203-204), 243-251.
100.	Singh, H.P., Saxena, S. and Mathur, N. (2001): Estimation of exponential scale parameter in failure censored samples by shrinkage towards an interval. <i>Varahmihir Journal of Mathematical Sciences</i> , 1, (1), 9-22.
101.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2002): A class of chain ratio-type estimators for the coefficient of variation of finite population in two phase sampling. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 22, 1-9.
102.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, S.K. (2002): A class of shrinkage estimators for the variance of exponential distribution with type-I censoring. <i>IAPQR Transactions</i> , 27, (2), 119-141.
103.	Singh, H.P. and Biradar, R.S. (2002): A family of alternative to ratio-cum-product estimator in sample surveys. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 16, (1), 81-89.

104.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (2002): Estimation of population variance with known coefficient of variation. <i>Ganita</i> , 53, (1), 01-12.
105.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2002): A revisit to alternative estimators for randomized response technique. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 55, (1), 79-87.
106.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2002): On alternative estimators in randomized response technique. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 55, (2), 189-196.
107.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2002): Improved estimation of Weibull shape parameter with prior information in censored sampling. <i>IAPQR Transactions</i> , 27, (1), 51-62.
108.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2002): An alternative randomized response technique using inverse sampling. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 53, (211-212), 233-244.
109.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, R. (2003): An improved generalized class of estimators of variance using auxiliary information in survey sampling. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 17, (2), 103-118.
110.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2003): Estimation of variance through regression approach in two phase sampling. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 23, 13-30.
111.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2003): An optionally randomized response technique. <i>Aligarh Journal of Statistics</i> , 23, 1-5.
112.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2003): Modified optional randomized response sampling techniques. <i>Journal of The Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 56, (2), 199-206.
113.	Singh, H.P. and Tailor, R. (2004): A family of unbiased estimators in two stage sampling. <i>Journal of The Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 58, (2), 163-176.
114.	Singh, H.P., Tailor, Rajesh, Tailor, Ritesh and Kakran, M.S. (2004): An improved estimator of population mean using power transformation. <i>Journal of The Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 58, (2), 223-230.
115.	Singh, H.P. (2004): A family of estimators of a density using concomitant variable and additional data. <i>Calcutta Statistical Association Bulletin</i> , 55, (219-220), 161-180.
116.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2005): On inverse binomial randomized response technique. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 59, (3), 192-198.
117.	Singh, H.P. and Gangele, R.K. (2006): A method for almost bias precipitate filtration. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 20, (1), 1-10.
118.	Singh, H.P. and Joshi, H. (2006): On estimation in an exponential distribution with common location and scale parameters. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 33, (1-2), 19-36.
119.	Singh, H.P. and Mathur, N. (2007). An improved estimator for proportion of a sensitive group of a population using optional randomized response techniques. <i>Assam Statistical Review</i> , 21, (1), 64-72.

120.	Singh, H.P., Shukla, S. and Mathur, N. (2007). Shrinkage estimation of proportion of population possessing stigmatizing character in unrelated question randomized response technique. <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics</i> , 61, (1), 1-13.
121.	Singh, H.P. and Pandit, S. (2008): Estimation of shape parameter and measure of dispersion of inverse Gaussian distribution using prior information. <i>Bulletin of Statistics & Economics</i> , 2, (S08), 81-100.
122.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2009-2010): Estimation of finite population variance using auxiliary information in presence of random non-response. <i>Gujarat Statistical Review</i> , 36-37, 46-58.
123.	Singh, J., Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2012): Unbiased ratio-type estimator using transformed auxiliary variable in negative correlation case. <i>Journal of Rajasthan Statistical Association</i> , 1,(1), 1-8.
Conference Papers: International :	
1.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1984): Shrinkage estimators for the variance of a normal population. <i>Topics in Applied Statistics</i> , Concordia University Press, Canada, 803-805.
2.	Ruiz Espejo, M., Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (1998): Unbiased estimation of production total using specific sampling design. <i>Agricultural Statistics-2000. An International Conference on Agricultural Statistics, March 18-20, 1998. Proceedings</i> , 387-388. Theresa E. Holland and Marcel P.R. Vanden Borecke, eds, International Statistical Institute, Voorburg (The Netherlands), Book.
3.	Singh, H.P. and Singh, R. (2003): A family of unbiased estimators for finite population mean when the variables are negatively correlated. <i>Advances in Mathematical Statistical and Computational Methods in Science and Technology</i> , Pragati Prakashan, 195-200.
4.	Singh, H.P. and Espejo Ruiz, M. (2003): Improved poststratified estimation. <i>Bulletin of the International Statistical Institute 54th Session, Contributed Papers, LX, Book 2</i> , 341-342, Berlin, 13-20 August, 2003.
5.	Ruiz Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (2000): Optimal unbiased estimator of the fourth population central Moment. Presented in 5th World Congress of the Bernoulli Society for Mathematical Statistics and Probability and 63 Annual Meeting of the Institute of Mathematical Statistics held at Gunajuato, Mexico (Abstract).
6.	Ruiz Espejo, M. and Singh, H.P. (2000): Post grouped sampling methods. (Abstract). Presented in International Conference of the Royal Statistical Society held at the University of Reading, 13-15 September 2000.
7.	Singh, H.P. and Tracy, D.S. (1995): Almost unbiased ratio-type estimator for finite population mean using two auxiliary variables. Presented at III International Symposium on Optimization and Statistics held at Aligarh Muslim University Aligarh, India.

8.	Tracy, D.S. and Singh, H.P. (1995): A class of Chain Regression Estimators in two-phase sampling. Presented in 4th International Symposium on Optimization and Statistics held at Aligarh Muslim University Aligarh, India.
Nationals:	
1.	Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (1982): Families of dual to ratio and product estimators. Proceedings of Seminar on "Recent Development in the Techniques of Population Analysis and in Statistical Inference, Banaras Hindu University, India, 77-81.
2.	Singh, H.P. and Shukla, D. (1988): An efficient class of estimators of population means using supplementary information on two auxiliary variates. Proceedings of the Mathematical Society, Banaras Hindu University, India, 4, 209-216.
3.	Singh, H.P. and Saxena, S. (2003): A class of shrunken estimators for k^{th} exponent of scale in exponential population with censored sample. Advances in Mathematical Statistical and Computational Methods in Science and Technology, Pragati Prakashan, 201-208.
4.	Singh, G.N., Upadhyaya, L.N. and Singh, H.P. (2003): Use of transformation that utilizes known coefficient of variation of auxiliary variable in the estimation of ratio of two population means in sample surveys. Advances in Mathematical Statistical and Computational Methods in Science and Technology, Pragati Prakashan, 181-186.
5.	Saxena, S. and Singh, H.P. (2007): Improved estimation of mean life after warranty in exponential failure model. Statistical Techniques in Life Testing and Quality Control, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, India, 194-2006.
6.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2011): Improvement in estimating the population mean using information on auxiliary attribute. Proceeding of the National Conference on Recent Developments in Statistics, Gulbarga University, Gulbarga, India, 154-162.
Books Published	
1.	Allen J., Saxena S., Singh, H.P., Singh S. and Smarandache, F.(2002): Randomness and optimal estimation in data sampling. American Research Press ISBN: 1-931233-54-3, Rehoboth, USA
Research Guidance	
Supervision of awarded Doctoral Thesis:	
1.	Kushwaha, K.S. (1990): On the use of auxiliary information in sample surveys. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, India.

2.	Biradar, R.S. (1993): Estimation of some population parameters using auxiliary information in sample surveys. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
3.	Gangele, R.K. (1995): Study of some estimators using a priori/auxiliary information. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
4.	Singh, R. (1997): Study of some improved estimators in sample surveys. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
5.	Shukla, S.K. (2000): On some estimation problems using prior information. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
6.	Tailor, Rajesh. (2002): Some estimation problems based on auxiliary information in sample surveys. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
7.	Saxena, S. (2002): Improved estimation of parameter(s) using prior information. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
8.	Mathur, N. (2002): Contribution to the theory of randomized response sampling technique. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
9.	Tailor, Ritesh (2005): Modified estimators of population parameter using auxiliary information in sample survey. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
10.	Joshi, H. (2005): Use of prior information for estimation of some population parameters. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
11.	Vishwakarma, G.K. (2007): Estimation of parameter(s) using auxiliary information in stratified sampling. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
12.	Chander, V. (2007): Some contributions to the theory of estimation of population parameters. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
13.	Pandit, S. (2008): Estimation of parameters of inverse Gaussian and Lognormal distributions using prior information. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
14.	Kumar, S. (2009): Improved estimation of population parameters in presence of non response. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
15.	Karpe, N. (2009): Contribution to the theory of estimation in the presence of measurement errors. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
16.	Solanki, R.S. (2013): Contributions to the theory of estimation of population parameters using supplementary information in sample surveys. Ph.D. Thesis submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.

Supervision of Doctoral Thesis, under progress:	
1.	Tarray, T.A.: Study of some modified randomized response techniques.
2.	Mehta, V. : Some contributions to the statistical inference based on concomitants of order statistics in morgenstern family using ranked set sampling.
Supervision of M. Phil Dissertations:	
1.	Komaragri, Uday K. (1991): Estimation of amount of information incorporating preliminary test of significance in the normal parent. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
2.	Gangele, R.K. (1992): Estimation of variance and circular probable error. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
3.	Raghuvanshi, H.S. (1993): Estimation of parameters in exponential density. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
4.	Singh, R. (1994): Study of some unbiased estimators for finite population mean in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
5.	Tailor, R. (1999): Estimation of population mean in two stage sampling. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
6.	Vishwakarma, G.K. (2004): Estimation of finite population mean with auxiliary information in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
7.	Pandit, S. (2004): Estimation of parameters of inverse Guassian distribution with prior information. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
8.	Kapse, M. (2005): Improved estimation of population proportion possessing sensitive attribute under unrelated question randomized response technique. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
9.	Bhayre, U. (2005): Some estimators of finite population mean using auxiliary information in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
10.	Karpe, N. (2007): Estimation of population mean, ratio and product using auxiliary information in presence of measurement errors. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
11.	Agnihotri, N. (2007): Some modified estimators of population parameters in presence of auxiliary information in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India
12.	Kumar, S. (2007): Estimation of population mean using auxiliary variable in presence of non-response in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.

13.	Jatwa, N.K. (2008): Estimation of population mean using auxiliary information in systematic sampling. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
14.	Solanki, R.S. (2010): Estimation of population mean and variance in presence of auxiliary information. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
15.	Tarray, T.A. (2012): Study on stratified randomized response technique. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
16.	Mehta, V. (2012): On estimation of a parameter of Morgenstern type bivariate exponential distribution using ranked set sampling. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
17.	Rathour, A. (2012): Utilization of auxiliary information for improved estimation of population mean in sample surveys. M.Phil. Dissertation Submitted to Vikram University, Ujjain, M.P., India.
Awards and Distinctions	
1.	One of my research papers “Estimation of Circular Probable Error. Sankhya, 54, B, (3), 289-305.” submitted for the award of “Dr. Radhakrishnan Samman 1992” has been appreciated by valuers; (Madhya Pradesh Higher Education Commission, Bhopal).
2.	I have been awarded “Best Scientific Research Publication Award 2009 – 2010”, sponsored by Madhya Pradesh Council of Science and Technology, Bhopal.
Books Review	
1.	M. P. Couper, R.P. Baker, J. Bethlehem, C.Z.F. Clark, J. Martin, W.L. Nicholls II and J. M.O'Reilly eds. (1998): Computer Assisted Survey Information Collection. John Wiley & Sons, New York, xvi+653 pp., ISBN 0-471-17848-9. By: Espejo Ruiz Mariano, Singh, Housila P. and Singh, Rajesh (2000): Computational Statistics and Data Analysis, 34, 527-529.
2.	K. Rekab and M. Shaikh (2005): Statistical design of experiments with engineering applications. Boca raton, Chapman and Hall-CRC, xvi+252 pp. \$89.95, ISBN 1-57444-625-8. By Espejo, Ruiz Mariano and Housila P Singh (2006): Journal of Royal Statistical Society, A, 169, Part 1, 173.
Problems and its solution	
1.	Espejo, Ruiz M. and Singh, H.P. (1999): Questio', 23, (3), p. 586, Problem N. 83. (Problem proposed).
2.	Espejo, Ruiz M. and Singh, H.P. (2000): Questio', 24, (1), p. 209, Problem N. 83. (Solution of the Problem N. 83).
Foreign Visit	
1.	VISITING SCIENTIST (May 1, 1995-August 25, 1995) Department of Mathematics & Statistics University of Windsor, Ontario, CANADA.

Association with Professional Bodies	
Committees and Boards	
1.	Editor – Varah Mihir Journal of Mathematical Sciences, Sandipani Academy, Ujjain, India.
2.	Associate Editor- Model Assisted Statistics and Applications-An International Journal, USA.
3.	Associate Editor- Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice-An International Journal, USA.
4.	Editorial Board Member – Vikram Mathematical Journal, India.
5.	Editorial Board Member – Journal of Probability and Statistics, USA.
6.	International Editorial Board Member – Pakistan Journal of Statistics (2009-2010).
7.	Member, Board of Studies, Vikram University, Ujjain, M. P., India
8.	Board of Course of Studies- Mohanlal Sukhadia University, Udaypur, Rajasthan
Membership	
1.	Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics, IASRI, New Delhi, India.
2.	Assam Statistical Review, Dibrugarh University, Dibrugarh, Assam, India.
3.	Calcutta Statistical Association, Calcutta, India.
4.	Varah Mihir Journal of Mathematical Sciences, Sandipani Academy, Ujjain, India.
Other Activities	
Forthcoming Research	
1.	Singh, H. P. and Kumar, S. (2009): An alternative family of estimation for population mean in presence of non-response when the population mean of the auxiliary character is not known. Journal of Applied Statistical Science.
2.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2012): Improved ratio and product exponential type estimators for finite population mean in stratified random sampling. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
3.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2012): A chain ratio exponential type estimator in two phase sampling using auxiliary information. Statistica.
4.	Yadav, R., Upadhyaya, L.N., Singh, H.P. and Chatterjee, S. (2012): Chain ratio-type exponential estimator for finite population mean in double sampling. Octagon Mathematical Magazine.

5.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2013): Some classes of estimators for median estimation in survey sampling. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
6.	Singh, H.P., Solanki, R.S. and Singh, S. (2013): Estimation of bowley's coefficient of skewness in the presence of auxiliary information. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
7.	Singh, H.P. and Solanki, R.S. (2012). An efficient class of estimators for the population mean using auxiliary information in stratified random sampling. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
8.	Singh, H.P., Rathour, A. and Solanki, R.S. (2013). Improved class of estimators of finite population mean using sampling fraction and information on two auxiliary variables in sample surveys. Statistica.
9.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2013). An improved class of estimators for the general population parameters using auxiliary information. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
10.	Solanki, R.S. and Singh, H.P. (2013). An improved estimation in stratified random sampling. Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
11.	Singh, H.P. and Mahta, V. (2013). An Improved Estimation of Parameters of Morgenstern Type Bivariate Logistic Distribution Using Ranked Set Sampling. Statistica.
12.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013). Two - stage stratified partial randomized response strategies .Communications in Statistics-Theory & Methods.
13.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013). An alternative to stratified Kim and Warde's randomized response model using optimal (Neyman) allocation. Model Assisted Statistics and Applications_ Special_Issue_ Paper_(in press)
14.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013). An improved mixed randomized response model. Model Assisted Statistics and Applications_ Special_Issue_ Paper_(in press)
15.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013). A stratified Mangat and Singh's optional randomized response model using proportional and optimal allocation. Statistica.
16.	Singh, H.P. and Tarray, T.A. (2013). Role of weights in improving the efficiency of Kim and Warde's mixed randomized response model, Accepted in Communication in Statistics Theory- Methods,